

Arthur S. Badin took office as President of the Brazilian Competition Tribunal (CADE) in November 12th, 2008, after being appointed by the President of the Republic and approved by the Federal Senate for a two-year mandate (2009/2010). His administration is committed to three fundamental strategic objectives: (a) to advance the modernization of the Brazilian antitrust legislation and of CADE's structure; (b) to increase the efficiency of the Brazilian competition policy and the enforcement of CADE's rulings; and (c) to turn CADE into a center of excellence in the federal public administration.

Arthur Badin was Chief Attorney of CADE's Legal Service for two mandates (2006/2007 and 2008/2009). Under his guidance, the Legal Service of CADE has obtained a significant increase on the enforcement, and therefore the effectiveness, of CADE's Board decisions before Brazilian judicial courts. As a result, incentive for economic agents to adopt anticompetitive behavior has decreased and there has been a development of jurisprudence on competition by the courts.

From 2003 to 2005, Arthur Badin was Chief of Staff at the Antitrust and Consumers Protection Bureau of the Brazilian Ministry of Justice (SDE), body responsible for cartel and others anticompetitive practices investigation in Brazil. During this period, he was in charge of the coordination and implantation of the first search and seizure operation on competition, as well as of the negotiation of the first leniency agreements in Brazil - innovations that have made the repression of cartels much more effective. Additionally, he acted in the elaboration of the national consumers' policy. In the same period, Arthur Badin chaired the Board of Trustees of the Federal Fund for Collective Rights ("CFDD") responsible for collecting public fines and for investing then in social projects.

CADE's current President was a Board Member of the Brazilian Insurance Regulator (CNSP) from 2004 to 2005 and Director of the Brazilian Reinsurance Company (IRB-Brasil Re) in 2005. He was also Member of the Supplemental Health Care Chamber (CSS) (2003/2005) and of the National Council for Metrology, Normalization and Industrial Quality - CONMETRO (2004).

Badin participated in the implementation of the microeconomic reform agenda at the Ministry of Finance (2003/2005), actively collaborating in the preparation of many bills that had the goal of enhancing business environment in the country, such as the Reinsurance Market Openness Law, New Bankruptcy Act, Folio Consignation Act, Real State Credit Note Law, the Law that creates the Medicine Market Regulation Chamber - CMED, the Law for Reform of the Brazilian Competition System, the Positive Credit Data Base, and the renovation of the Civil Prosecution Code.

Prior to working in the public sector, Arthur Badin was partner of a respected Business Law firm located in São Paulo, namely, Lilla, Huck, Malheiros, Otranto, Ribeiro, Camargo e Messina Advogados (1999/2002).

Badin is on a master course at the Economic and Financial Law Department at the São Paulo University Law School, the same institution from which he obtained his Law Bachelor degree (1998). He is a specialist in Competition Defence and Regulation from the Getúlio Vargas Foundation Law School in São Paulo - EAESP/FGV (2004) and in Corporate Law from the Pontifícia Universidade Católica in São Paulo - PUC/SP (2001). He was a student at the São Paulo School of Government (1999).

He is Coordinator Professor in the post-graduation courses of Economic and Regulation Law and of LLM on Antitrust Litigation at the Getúlio Vargas Foundation Law School (FGV).

Badin chairs the Editorial Board at the Competition Law Journal and was a member of the Editorial Board at the IRB Journal (2005).

He is member of the Steering Group of the International Competition Network (ICN).

He has given countless lectures on competition law and has published articles in scientific journals and newspapers, among them "Tying arrangements: interface between consumer and competition defences", "Credit protection databases, CDC and PL 5870/2005: comments on law and economy", "The Diffuse

Rights Defence Fund", "Regulatory Agencies and Judiciary", "Judicial Review of CADE's decisions",
"The judiciary and the process for infraction against the economic order".